

PAPILIO HELENUS,
ET
PAPILIO STENELES.

CHARACTER GENERICUS.

Antennæ apicem versus crassiores, sæpius clavato-capitatae.

Alæ (sedentis) erectæ sursumque conniventes, (volatu diurno.) *Lin. Syst. Nat.* p. 744.

CHARACTER SPECIFICUS, &c.

P. Helenus. *P.* alis caudatis nigris: posticis macula alba: subtus tribus albidis lunulisque septem ferrugineis.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 745. EQ. TR.

P. alis dentatis nigris, posticis macula alba lunulaque duplici purpurea.

Fab. sp. ins. 2. p. 3.

P. Steneles. *P.* alis subcaudatis supra fuscis, fascia virescente obtusa interrupta.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 750. EQ. АСН.

P. alis dentatis fuscis, fasciis duabus viridibus, altera posticarum integra.

Fab. sp. ins. 2. p. 23.

Ostenditur in tabula papilionum duorum exoticorum vera magnitudo, quorum qui altius depingitur Indiam, qui inferius Americam meridionalem incolit.



HELENUS and STENELES.



GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ commonly thickening towards the end into a clavated tip.

Wings (when at rest) meeting upwards. (Flight diurnal.)

SPECIFIC CHARACTER, &c.

HELENUS. Butterfly with tailed black wings, the lower pair marked by a white spot.

Clerk. ic. t. 13. f. 2.

Cram. pap. 13. t. 153. f. A. B.

STENELES. Butterfly with denticulated brown wings, marked by an obtuse, interrupted, green band.

Clerk ic. t. 35. f. 2.

Aubent. miscell. Pl. Enl. t. 95. f. 12.

Cram. pap. 7. t. 79. f. A. B.

Of the two exotic Butterflies exhibited on the present plate the superior is a native of India, and the inferior of South America. Both are represented in their natural size.